## ASSIGNMENT 1

Textbook Assignment: "Damage Controlman Rating" and "Damage Control Organization, Communication, and Information," chapters 1 and 2.

**Learning Objective**: Recall the duties and responsibilities of the Damage Controlman rating.

- 1-1. Which of the following responsibilities is NOT applicable to a Damage Controlman?
  - 1. Preserving watertight integrity
  - 2. Instructing damage control parties
  - 3. Serving as the senior member of the underway watch team
  - 4. Conducting CBR defense
- 1-2. Organization and teamwork are the keys to successful damage control.
  - 1. True
  - 2. False
- 1-3. Which of the following goals is NOT applicable to damage control?
  - 1. Limiting the spread of a fire and caring for wounded personnel
  - 2. Preserving watertight integrity and ship stability maneuverability
  - 3. Controlling list and trim and protecting against the effects of chemical and biological agents
  - 4. Maintaining adequate food and fuel supplies

- 1-4. Which of the following actions is NOT a basic objective of shipboard damage control?
  - 1. Minimizing and localizing damage
  - 2. Accomplishing emergency repairs and restorations as quickly as possible
  - 3. Taking all practicable preliminary measures before damage occurs
  - 4. Maintaining auxiliary machinery and piping systems
- 1-5. When repairing damage control equipment, you should always refer to the
  - 1. PM guidebook
  - 2. manufacturer's technical manual
  - 3. appropriate *Naval Ships' Technical Manual (NSTM)*
  - 4. shop instructions
- 1-6. Damage control books are furnished to some selected small ships and to all naval ships that exceed what length, in feet?
  - 1. 200
  - 2. 210
  - 3. 215
  - 4. 220

- 1-7. Small ships that are not issued damage control books may
  - 1. order them from NAVSEA
  - 2. use copies from a larger ship
  - 3. develop their own
  - 4. purchase copies from NAVSUP
- 1-8. Which of the following subjects is NOT covered by damage control books?
  - 1. Damage control systems and general information
  - 2. Ship's compartmentation and piping systems
  - 3. Ship's electrical and ventilation systems
  - 4. Ship's radar and missile systems
- 1-9. What command maintains a record of all damage control books distributed?
  - 1. OPNAV
  - 2. CINCPAC
  - 3. NAVSEA
  - 4. SPAWAR
- 1-10. What officer is normally the custodian of the damage control books?
  - 1. Officer of the Deck (OOD)
  - 2. Executive officer
  - 3. Engineer officer
  - 4. Administration officer

- 1-11. A standard repair party manual does NOT include which of the following information?
  - 1. The methods of investigating damage and the means for reporting the damage
  - 2. A chain of command diagram
  - 3. A secondary DCC description
  - 4. The deck plans of the ship
- 1-12. Type commanders are responsible for the preparation of standard repair party manuals for ships under their authority.
  - 1. True
  - 2. False
- 1-13. Charts and detailed listings of fittings are not required in the repair party manual. This information should be available in which of the following manuals?
  - 1. *NSTM*
  - 2. NWP 3-20.31
  - 3. 3-M Manual
  - 4. NAVSEA damage control book
- 1-14. When a ship is built for the Navy, the *Ship Information Book* is prepared by
  - 1. Naval Sea Systems Command (NAVSEA)
  - 2. the builder
  - 3. the Commander Fleet Activities (COMFLEACT)
  - 4. the Bureau of Inspection and Survey

**Learning Objective**: Recall the damage control responsibilities of key personnel in the chain of command.

- 1-15. What chapter of the *U.S. Navy Regulations* describes the responsibilities of the commanding officer?
  - 1. 1
  - 2. 5
  - 3. 7
  - 4. 4
- 1-16. What person keeps the commander advised of the status of the ship's damage control readiness?
  - 1. Command duty officer in port
  - 2. OOD
  - 3. Engineer officer
  - 4. Executive officer
- 1-17. What person is the senior member of the underway watch team?
  - 1. OOD
  - 2. Engineer officer
  - 3. Executive officer
  - 4. Damage Control Assistant (DCA)

- 1-18. The command duty officer in port is generally NOT responsible for which of the following actions?
  - 1 Lecturing the commanding officer on specific rules and regulations
  - 2. Advising the OOD in matters concerning the general duties and safety of the ship
  - 3. Keeping informed of the ship's position and the status of the engineering plant
  - 4. Relieving the OOD, when required for the safety of the ship, and notifying the commanding officer when such action is taken
- 1-19. Department heads do NOT have which of the following responsibilities?
  - 1. To ensure optimum material conditions of readiness with the department as prescribed by compartment checkoff lists (CCOLs) provided by the DCA
  - 2. To operate and maintain the main propulsion plant, auxiliary machinery, and piping systems
  - 3. To require that damage control equipment and fittings be maintained in their proper locations and in operating order
  - 4. To provide personnel for damage control, repair, fire, and rescue parties, as required by the ship's organization bills

- 1-20. When conducting CBR defense procedures, the engineer officer acts as the technical assistant to what officer?
  - 1. Command duty officer
  - 2. OOD
  - 3. Executive officer
  - 4. DCA
- 1-21. An engineer officer does NOT have which of the following duties?
  - 1. Organizing repair party 5 according to the ship's Battle Bill
  - 2. Supervising the training of repair party 5
  - 3. Assigning appropriate engineering ratings to other repair parties according to the ship's Battle Bill
  - 4. Maintaining a written damage control log
- 1-22. What person is responsible for submitting to the planning board a schedule of damage control training requirements for the ship's crew?
  - 1. Safety officer
  - 2. OOD
  - 3. Executive officer
  - 4. DCA

- 1-23. What person is responsible for maintaining a written damage control log and supervising the maintenance of the ship's damage control closure log?
  - 1. Engineer officer
  - 2. Damage control supervisor
  - 3. Fire marshal
  - 4. DCA
- 1-24. The estimated time a fitting is open should not exceed what period of time, in hours?
  - 1. 96
  - 2. 72
  - 3. 48
  - 4. 24
- 1-25. The fire marshal does NOT have which of the following duties and responsibilities?
  - 1. Maintaining the damage control log
  - 2. Conducting daily inspections of the ship
  - 3. Submitting reports of fire hazards to the DCA and executive officer
  - 4. Serving as an assistant to the engineer officer
- 1-26. What person is responsible for supervising the setting of specified damage control material conditions?
  - 1. Division damage control petty officer
  - 2. DCA
  - 3. OOD
  - 4. Executive officer

- 1-27. What person is responsible for weighing CO<sub>2</sub> bottles and ensuring damage control and fire-fighting equipment is properly stenciled or identified by proper color code?
  - 1. Division officer
  - 2. Damage control petty officer
  - 3. DCA
  - 4. Fire marshal
- 1-28. As a Damage Controlman, your first assignment aboard ship will normally be to serve as a
  - 1. DCA
  - 2. repair locker supervisor
  - 3. member of an emergency damage control team
  - 4. damage control zone inspector

**Learning Objective**: Recall the various damage control administrative programs, directives, and reports.

- 1-29. The ship's Battle Bill is tailored to a specific ship for battle organization.
  - 1. True
  - 2. False
- 1-30. What person is responsible for the Rescue and Assistance Bill?
  - 1. Executive officer
  - 2. Engineer officer
  - 3. DCA
  - 4. Division officer

- 1-31. What person is responsible for the Cold Weather Bill?
  - 1. DCA
  - 2. Executive officer
  - 3. Division officer
  - 4. Damage control petty officer
- 1-32. What person is responsible for the Toxic Gas Bill and the Darken Ship Bill?
  - 1. DCA
  - 2. Executive officer
  - 3. Division officer
  - 4. Damage control petty officer
- 1-33. What person is responsible for maintaining the master CCOL?
  - 1. Damage control petty officer
  - 2. Executive officer
  - 3. Division officer
  - 4. DCA
- 1-34. A CCOL is maintained in each compartment of the ship and provides information on all fittings within the compartment.
  - 1. True
  - 2. False
- 1-35. A CASREP is submitted to report the occurrence of an equipment casualty that cannot be corrected within how many hours?
  - 1. 99
  - 2. 96
  - 3. 72
  - 4. 48

- 1-36. What type of report is submitted when equipment reported on a CASREP is returned to operational condition?
  - 1. Safe Wind
  - 2. Updated CASREP
  - 3. CASCOR
  - 4. SITREP
- 1-37. What program requires the testing of damage control equipment and preparation of inspection reports?
  - 1. Ship's Maintenance Program
  - 2. Bureau of Inspection and Survey Maintenance Program
  - 3. Maintenance and Material Management (3-M) Program
  - 4. Critical Maintenance Program
- 1-38. The QA Program is fully presented in what instruction?
  - 1. CINCLANTFLT/CINCPACFLT INST 4790
  - 2. CINCLANTFLT/CINCPACFLT INST 4630
  - 3. CINCLANTFLT/CINCPACFLT INST 4550
  - 4. CINCLANTFLT/CINCPACFLT INST 4410
- 1-39. What are the two types of audits used by the ship's force?
  - 1. Random and Specific
  - 2. Comprehensive and Full
  - 3. Vertical and Horizontal
  - 4. Parallel and Summary

- 1-40. What officer is responsible for monitoring the Hearing Conservation Program and the Heat Stress Program?
  - 1. Engineer
  - 2. Safety
  - 3. Administration
  - 4. Executive
- 1-41. Heat stress is any combination of air temperature, thermal radiation, humidity, airflow, and workload that stresses the body as it attempts to regulate body temperature.
  - 1. True
  - 2. False

**Learning Objective**: Recall the elements of the damage control organization and the duties and responsibilities of members of repair parties.

- 1-42. The two elements of the damage control organization are the damage control administrative organization and the damage control battle organization.
  - 1. True
  - 2. False
- 1-43. The damage control administrative organization is part of what department?
  - 1. Supply
  - 2. Engineering
  - 3. Operations
  - 4. Deck

- 1-44. DCC is a part of the damage control administrative organization.
  - 1. True
  - 2. False
- 1-45. Personnel assigned to DCC are under the supervision of what person?
  - 1. Executive officer
  - 2. Commanding officer
  - 3. OOD
  - 4. DCA
- 1-46. The main deck repair party is designated as what repair party?
  - 1. Repair 1
  - 2. Repair 2
  - 3. Repair 3
  - 4. Repair 4
- 1-47. The forward repair party is made up of personnel from the deck and engineering departments and is designated as what repair party?
  - 1. Repair 1
  - 2. Repair 2
  - 3. Repair 3
  - 4. Repair 4
- 1-48. What repair party is primarily made up of personnel from the air and engineering departments?
  - 1. Repair 1
  - 2. Repair 2
  - 3. Repair 7
  - 4. Repair 8

- 1-49. The ordnance disposal team is administered as a unit of the ship's
  - 1. air department
  - 2. weapon's department
  - 3. supply department
  - 4. engineering department
- 1-50. Obtaining samples of biological agents and the identification of chemical agents are two of the general responsibilities of the
  - 1. damage control repair parties
  - 2. DCA
  - 3. damage control petty officer
  - 4. ordnance disposal teams
- 1-51. What repair party is responsible for maintaining the ship's propulsion equipment?
  - 1. Repair 8
  - 2. Repair 7
  - 3. Repair 6
  - 4. Repair 5
- 1-52. Most ships have a minimum of how many battle dressing stations equipped for emergency handling of personnel battle casualties?
  - 1. Six
  - 2. Two
  - 3. Three
  - 4. Four

- 1-53. Most surface ships have a special fast-response party known as the atsea party and is sometimes called the
  - 1. "911 Squad"
  - 2. "Mercury Squad"
  - 3. "Dalmatian Squad"
  - 4. "Flying Squad"
- 1-54. If the fire is beyond rapid-response team capabilities, the fire marshal will turn duties over to the scene leader.
  - 1. True
  - 2. False
- 1-55. The team leader directs the efforts of attack teams while using the
  - 1. Naval Fire-fighter's Thermal Unit (NFTU)
  - 2. Naval Fire-fighter's Thermal Imager (NFTI)
  - 3. Naval Fire-fighter's Thermal Display (NTFD)
  - 4. Naval Fire-fighter's Thermal Finder (NFTF)
- 1-56. What person is in charge of the fire party at the scene of the fire?
  - 1. On-scene leader
  - 2. Nozzleman
  - 3. Plugman
  - 4. Accessman

- 1-57. What person provides forcible-entry tools and atmosphere-testing devices at the scene of a fire in a compartment?
  - 1. Nozzleman
  - 2. Boundaryman
  - 3. Accessman
  - 4. Electrician

**Learning Objective**: Recall the fundamentals of shipboard damage control communications.

- 1-58. What circuit is the damage and stability control circuit that provides vital communication between critical stations?
  - 1. 1JZ
  - 2. 2JZ
  - 3. 3JZ
  - 4. 4JZ
- 1-59. Circuit JL is used by surface and sky lookouts.
  - 1. True
  - 2. False
- 1-60. What circuit is only used to announce vital information of interest to all of the ship's company?
  - 1. 9AF
  - 2. 1MC
  - 3. 3JV
  - 4. 4MC

- 1-61. The ship's service telephones should not be depended upon for damage control communications because they can be knocked out of commission easily.
  - 1. True
  - 2. False

## IN ANSWERING QUESTIONS 1-62 THROUGH 1-67, REFER TO FIGURE 1A.

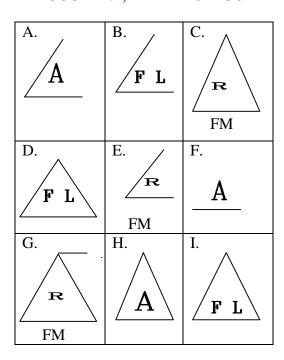


Figure 1A

- 1-62. Which symbol identifies a class ALPHA fire contained?
  - 1. H
  - 2. F
  - 3. B
  - 4. A

- 1-63. Which symbol identifies a ruptured firemain repaired and COV opened?
  - 1. C
  - 2. D
  - 3. E
  - 4. G
- 1-64. Which symbol identifies a ruptured firemain bypassed?
  - 1. E
  - 2. G
  - 3. C
  - 4. B
- 1-65. Which symbol identifies flooding that has been dewatered?
  - 1 B
  - 2. D
  - 3. E
  - 4. F
- 1-66. Which symbol identifies a class ALPHA fire out?
  - 1. A
  - 2. D
  - 3. F
  - 4. H
- 1-67. What symbol identifies flooding being pumped?
  - 1. I
  - 2. E
  - 3. D
  - 4. B

- 1-68. What is the standard damage control symbology for a watertight hatch?
  - 1. WH
  - 2. WTH
  - 3. HWT
  - 4. HW
- 1-69. To ensure maintenance of communications control, the sequence of command is provided in the *Ship's Repair Party Manual* and is posted in
  - 1. each compartment
  - 2. damage control central only
  - 3. all passageways
  - 4. each repair locker
- 1-70. The initial report from a repair party should contain the location and nature of the damage. Subsequent reports should contain information of the extent of the damage, the measures being taken to correct the damage, and any assistance required.
  - 1. True
  - 2. False

**Learning Objective**: Recall the purposes and use of damage control diagrams and blueprints.

- 1-71. The Ship's Drawing Index (SDI) is maintained in what office?
  - 1. DCC (blueprint cabinet)
  - 2. Operations office
  - 3. Supply office
  - 4. Engineering department office (log room)
- 1-72. Isometric diagrams are threedimensional and are developed and provided under strict requirements set forth by what command?
  - 1. NAVSURPAC
  - 2. NAVSEA
  - 3. NAVSUP
  - 4. BIS
- 1-73. A better understanding of ship's plans and blueprints can be gained by completing the Navy's nonresident training course (NRTC) *Blueprint Reading and Sketching*, NAVEDTRA 12014.
  - 1. True
  - 2. False
- 1-74. On the isometric damage control diagrams, each deck is shown as a separate level.
  - 1. True
  - 2. False
- 1-75. Drawings kept onboard your ship are identified in the SDI by what symbol?
  - 1. Plus sign
  - 2. Asterisk
  - 3. Em-dash
  - 4. Capital letter *X*